

## SUICIDE VERDICT OF CORONER'S JURY

Would Not Admit Drinking Wood Alcohol and Dies Without Explanation.

FUNERAL THIS AFTERNOON

Coroner Frank Eaker held an inquest into the death of Edward Ware. The verdict is as follows:

"We, the jury, empaneled to discover the cause of the death of Ed Ware, whose body is lying before us, after hearing what evidence was presented, find that he came to his death by taking wood alcohol with suicidal intent.

(Signed) H. D. Hayes, Jeff Read, Claude Creason, W. Y. Griffith, A. F. Williams."

Ware was found in the Sanderson wagon yard sitting in his buggy deathly ill. He said he had a congestive chill. He was removed to Rouse & Whittemore's grocery at Fourth and Jefferson streets and placed on some hay. Doctors were summoned. He was gasping for breath and vomiting. Wood alcohol was detected and matches struck to the liquid ignited it, showing that he had drunk wood alcohol beyond a doubt.

The body was removed to the Mat-till-Efinger undertaking establishment and prepared for burial.

Mr. C. B. Whittemore of the firm of Rouse & Whittemore grocers, at Fourth and Jefferson streets, who was the first to discover Mr. Ware, said:

"I walked into the Sanderson stable at 2:15 o'clock. I noticed Mr. Ware, whom I have known for a long time sitting in his buggy vomiting. He appeared to be in horrible agony.

"What's the matter Ed?" I asked. "I have a congestive chill," he replied.

"I then assisted him into our store and laid him on some baled hay. I quickly summoned Drs. Johnson Bass, L. Thomas and H. P. Sights.

"About this time Mr. Sanderson asked Mr. Ware what he had drunk and the reply was 'nothing but a glass of beer.'

Although the physicians arrived in a moment Mr. Ware was unconscious and died in about 35 minutes. All the doctors stated that he had taken wood alcohol."

Mr. Sanderson, owner of the stable, said:

"Mr. Ware arrived from his country home about 10 o'clock this morning and seemed in good spirits. Shortly before 2 o'clock he passed the stable office and I never saw him any more until Mr. Whittemore called to me."

The only things in Mr. Ware's buggy were several bundles containing household articles he had purchased for his family.

His wife was notified and a neighbor brought her to the city in 35 minutes after the man was found.

Edward Ware was born in Christian county but came here when a lad. He was 44 years old and spent his younger days on the farm. He engaged in several different businesses here and resided in the Maxon Mills section of late.

Twenty years ago he married Miss Jessie Maxon, daughter of the late Morris Maxon. His wife and daughter, Cassandra Ware, survive him. His brothers and sisters, Erve Ware, Maxons; J. E. Ware, Los Angeles, Cal., and James Ware, Paducah; Mrs. Tom Jones, Memphis; Mrs. W. T. Albert, Maxon Mills; Mrs. Lige Ogilvie, Beaver, Oklahoma; Miss Ellen Ware, Maxon Mills.

The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Grace Episcopal church, burial in Oak Grove cemetery. The vestry acted as pall bearers, the deceased being a member of the church.

## ZIMMERMAN IS NOW FOR BRYAN

Ohio Democrat Unreservedly Indorses Nebraskan.

Springfield, O., Sept. 18.—John T. Zimmerman, conservative candidate for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination in 1903 against Tom Johnson, has broken his silence of a year or more and comes out squarely for Bryan. Zimmerman admits he supported Bryan in a lukewarm manner in 1896 and in 1900, but says he is now for him unreservedly. He declares Bryan has said nothing about government ownership that any conservative Democrat cannot indorse. He believes Bryan does not expect to make it an issue, but to hold in reserve as an ultimate remedy in case present laws are not effective.

## Grand Circuit Opens.

Columbus, O., Sept. 18.—The opening day of the Columbus Grand circuit race meeting brought forth splendid weather fast track and a number of record-breaking performances.

## PEARY MAY BE SAFE.

Backers Believe He Was Successful in Voyage.

New York, Sept. 17.—Those interested in the success of the expedition to the North Pole are expecting to receive news from Lieut. Robert F. Peary. It may be that the explorer has already attained the object for which the journey was undertaken. In that case he is likely to be heard from in the neighborhood of Labrador. If he has succeeded he would not be likely to have intrusted any message to other vessels but would by this time be on his way to some port from which he could send the news. If he has not accomplished his object some word is likely to come from him by means of the whalers which come down to Dundee, Scotland, with the breaking up of the ice packs.

## JEWISH NEW YEAR BEGINS TOMORROW

Origin of Observance When Israel Occupied Palestine and Season of Work Commenced.

WHAT CELEBRATION MEANS

The Jewish New Year, which begins Wednesday eve and whose observance is continued until sunset Thursday, is next to the Day of Atonement, the most solemn day in Israel's calendar of holidays. Its observance dates back several centuries prior to the present era. When Israel dwelt in Palestine, and was engaged in tilling the soil, and all of its principal festivals were determined and characterized by some particular phase in agricultural life, as plowing, seeding, growth and reaping of the grain and harvesting.

The New Year marked the beginning of agricultural activities in Palestine, and hence the opening of the economic year. After the Jews were deprived of their fatherland and were scattered throughout the world, the observance of this day was, nevertheless, continued, though its character and significance were somewhat changed. Since the Jews were usually governed in civil and economic matters by the laws and customs that prevailed in the land where they dwelt, this day came to be regarded by the Jews as the New Year less in a civil, and more in a religious sense, as it marks the beginning of Israel's season.

Based upon the passage Lev. xxii, 24: "Speak unto the children of Israel, saying, in the seventh month, on the first day of the month, shall be a solemn rest unto you, a 'memorial' of blowing of trumpets a holy convention," it came to be regarded primarily as a "day of memorial," and as the "Judgment day," when all the inhabitants of the world, according to an old rabbinical interpretation, pass before the Creator for judgment. Hence the day became one of most solemn significance, and was largely given over to reflection and self-examination, and the days intervening between its commencement and the close of the "day of atonement" were designated as the days of penitence, or the season of repentance. Not that man could not, or would not repent on any other day, for it was a common saying, "repent one day before thy death" (i. e. every day, for no man knoweth the day of his death), by the rabbi of old, understanding well that there is a time for everything, and knowing that in the strain and stress of every day life, most men find but little time for reflection and self-scrutiny and repentance, thought it desirable that man should have a special season of self-communion and repentance, during which he might live on a higher and loftier spiritual and moral plane.

It is the beginning of this season, that the holiday, which falls on Thursday next marks, and so deeply has it entered into the consciousness of the Jewish people, and so great is the tradition and the age and the convention attached to it, that almost every one who calls himself a Jew will observe this day and the Day of Atonement, even though he observes nothing else that is Jewish. Nearly every Jewish house throughout the country is closed on the day, and all work and labor suspended.

The New Year day has its own joyful and joyous aspect, too, even as the civil New Year has. New Year cards are sent from one to the other and New Year's greetings and visits are commonly exchanged. Thus it becomes a day of serious contemplation and self-communion on the one hand, and a day of hope and cheer and good fellowship on the other, which sunny day is characteristic of most Jewish festivals.

San Francisco, Sept. 17.—Carpenters' demands for \$5 per day was granted by employers today and a strike avoided.

## NO COMPLAINTS WILL BE OFFERED

Some Candidates Not Consulted But They Acquiesce in Action of the Committee.

OFFICERS AND THE PLACES

While there has been some quiet talk among candidates before the Democratic city primary, called for next Thursday, about the action of the committee in selecting the primary officers, no formal objection will be made so far as is known.

The officers were named by Chairman W. A. Berry, who submitted the list to the other members of the committee, and they ratified the list. The selections were made while the chairman was at Smithland. He returned Saturday.

He had called a meeting of the committee but was detained in the circuit court of Livingston county, and as time was pressing adopted this manner of choosing the officers. Ordinarily candidates are consulted about the officials in the wards in which they run, but some of them, at least, were not let into the secret, which leaked out Saturday night.

The fact that a man, whom Judge Puryear held to the grand jury, is named as sheriff in one precinct led to inquiries. Judge Puryear said that while he was not advised until Saturday night of the action of the committee, he is satisfied the committee acted in good faith and he has the utmost confidence in Chairman Berry.

Judge Berry, ex-officio chairman of the committee submitted the list to the other members of the committee, and they approved his selections.

The officers appointed for the various precincts are:

Precinct No. 1, Butler's—Sheriff, H. F. McGee; clerk, R. J. Wilson; Judge, W. F. Goodman and J. D. Barryman. Precinct No. 2, South Side free station—Sheriff, J. Marion Clark; clerk, L. J. Cothren; judges, W. D. Scott and John C. Sheehan.

Precinct No. 3, Deagle's—Sheriff, Jos. Lockwood; clerk, Thomas O. Argus; judges, Jos. S. Butler and Albert Brabie.

Precinct No. 4—Yancey's—Sheriff, J. B. Gilbert; clerk, Miles Stewart; judges, John C. Schroeder and Samuel Gibson.

Precinct No. 5—Schmidt's—Sheriff, R. J. Wilkins; clerk, A. B. Trotter; judges, W. M. Derrington and Enoch Brown.

Precinct No. 6, Kiprpatrick's—Sheriff, R. T. Coleman; clerk, John Q. Thompson; judges, J. A. Calloway and Harry George.

Precinct No. 7, Chaik's—Sheriff, J. T. Lindsey; clerk, Louis Farrar; judges, George Jacobs and J. H. Linn.

Precinct No. 8, Glauber's—Sheriff, J. Crit Jones; clerk, A. H. Patton; judges, William Dilk and William Bougene.

Precinct No. 9, South Side Court House No. 1—Sheriff, Claude S. Creason; clerk, Ed Rivers; judges, J. M. Hart and W. C. Clark.

Precinct No. 10, South Side Court House No. 2—Sheriff, F. G. Rudolph; clerk, Charles Fisher; judges, James W. Hughes and Samuel Leibell.

Precinct No. 11, North Side Court House—Sheriff, H. F. Lyon; clerk, John S. Cobb; judges, S. J. Hinton and J. M. Skelton.

Precinct No. 12, Warehouse—Sheriff, Charles Fiske; clerk, Clem Francloia; judges, D. J. Levy and R. J. Barber.

Precinct No. 13, Berry's—Sheriff, Gus G. Singleton; clerk, W. H. Patterson; judges, J. E. Patton and T. J. Moore.

Precinct No. 14, Plow Factory—Sheriff, Sam Holland; clerk, George Hannan; judges, Al Hymarsh and Ira McMahon.

Precinct No. 15, Gallman's—Sheriff, Lee Bolton; clerk, D. L. Adams; judges, James R. Gray and Jam s McNeil.

Precinct No. 16, Henneberger's—Sheriff, Sam B. Beadles; clerk, James M. Brown; judges, W. H. Little and C. A. Norvell.

Precinct No. 17, Savage's—Sheriff, George W. Walters; clerk, George C. Diuguid; judges, J. P. Holt and Gus Lockwood.

Precinct No. 18, Rogers—Sheriff, Arthur Bailey; clerk, Ed Gilson; judges, B. J. Billings and P. B. May. Messrs. James Lang T. B. Harrison, Mann Clark and Gus Rogers approved all the selections.

## Democrats Will Contest.

Portland, Me., Sept. 17.—"This election will be thoroughly investigated, and it is likely the investigation will be carried to the ballots if need be." This statement was issued today by Cyrus W. Davis, the Democratic candidate for governor of Maine at the election Monday, who on the face of the returns was defeated by Gov. William T. Cobb, Republican, by 8,882 votes.

## BLACKMAIL WEST BADEN GAME.

Chicagoans Said to Have Used Dynamite in Levying Tribute.

West Baden, Ind., Sept. 15.—It develops that the state of Indiana, through Governor Hanly, has not been the only blighting agency working on the big West Baden and French Lick Monte Carlo industry. A systematic blackmailing concern with headquarters in Chicago and doing a tribute levying business of almost national scope has been making demands on the management of the two big Indiana concerns for some time before the state closed the casinos. By way of enforcing their demands, the blackmailers last June used dynamite, blowing a section out of the veranda of the French Lick resort, and on a second occasion touched off a charge of giant powder under the West Baden institution.

## TWO CENT IS FARE FOR PENNSYLVANIA

Recognizes Menace of State Legislation and Anticipates Such Action.

CENTRAL ASSOCIATION PLAN.

Last week a dispatch from Chicago to the Philadelphia North American said: The Pennsylvania railroad and the other railroads forming the central passenger association have applied for and have received permission from the interstate commerce commission to put into effect a 2-cent-a-mile passenger rate on lines west of Pittsburg and Buffalo and east of Chicago. The change in rates is made necessary to comply with the Ohio 2-cent-rate law.

After announcing their intention of complying with the Ohio law, the railroads found they could not give the necessary thirty days' published notice, required by the national law, and still put the reduced rates into effect by October 1.

It was therefore necessary to obtain permission from the interstate commerce commission to make the reductions without giving the thirty days' notice.

The commission does not know whether the reduction in rates will extend all the way to Chicago or be limited to the state of Ohio, but as permission is given for interstate business, and was not necessary for interstate traffic, it is presumed the territory covered by the central passenger association.

"Two cents a mile will be the maximum passenger fare not only in central passenger but also trunk line territory, by October 1," was the prediction made by a prominent passenger traffic official following the meeting of the central passenger association today.

"The legislatures of several of the eastern states are determined to pass 2-cent laws, and many railroad officials believe that it is better to make the reduction voluntarily than wait until they are forced to do so. So far as my road is concerned, we are ready to make the cut."

This statement was made in discussing the action of the Erie in announcing a 2 1/2-cent rate on its entire system. The official said that the action of the Underwood line was not unexpected by his company, and that he had no fault to find with it.

## DIES OF FRIGHT.

Young Woman at Bemis, Meets Fearful Death.

Jackson, Tenn., Sept. 17.—Bemis was thrown into a fever of excitement early last night by a deplorable tragedy. About dark yesterday Mr. Shet Morton, an employe of the mill, returned home from Jackson in an intoxicated condition and began to raise trouble with his family, most of whom have been recently ill. Miss Lolly May, his daughter aged about sixteen years, was so thoroughly frightened at her father's actions that she dropped dead. (The young girl, and her sister, Miss Lou who is about twenty years of age, were in a room together when Morton reached home. He entered the room where the two girls were and began to abuse and threaten the older one. Finally he struck her with a buggy whip. The younger girl began to interfere for her sister, but this seemed to enrage the father all the more. Finally, in an outburst of rage he seized the older girl by the throat and the younger one, who had been lying on a bed, raised herself to her knees and tumbled off on the floor dead.

## Missing Steamer Not Sighted.

Boston, Sept. 15.—No word from the steamer Brewster of the United Fruit company, which is more than six days overdue from Port Antonio, has been received by the officials of the concern in this city. A search may be made for her soon.



## TO OUR FRIENDS

We are in the shoe business and want to call your attention to a few facts you should know:

Leather is higher now than it has been since the civil war, and we are compelled to pay more money to get the same shoe we have been selling and, of course, will have to charge you a little more. However, you can rest assured we will not misrepresent a shoe to you and will not tell you it is just as good as you have always gotten for the same money, if it is not. We can give you shoes at any price and we guarantee all of our shoes, and our guarantee means something.

Call around and see us and we will give you the best proposition you can get anywhere consistent with honorable straightforward dealing. Respectfully,

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## LOVING ACQUITTED OF MURDER CHARGE

Jury Had Been Out Fifty-two Hours But Judge Would Not Dismiss Them for a While.

CASE OF GREAT INTEREST

H. H. Loving was acquitted at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The jury stood nine for acquittal and three for guilty, until the final vote.

Loving was dazed at first. This morning the jury was brought before the court and reported that it had failed to reach an agreement. Deputy Sheriff Clark Fortson was again sworn and sent to the room with the jurors.

This afternoon Circuit Judge Reed suspended court at 2 o'clock, pending the arrival of a witness, who had been subpoenaed but failed to be present. While sitting outside the building he said: "There was plenty of time yet," when asked about the probabilities of a deadlock in the jury. He seemed inclined to hold the jury together for some time to come.

The jury has been out 52 hours. The jurymen all sleep in one room at their hotel and eat at one table. They were the observed of everybody as they walked to and from the court house.

SIX YEARS IN POLITICS; BROKE.

Protege of La Follette, in Court, Says the Game Doesn't Pay.

Milwaukee, Sept. 18.—Colonel John J. Hannan, formerly private secretary for Governor La Follette and now holding a position as messenger of the United States senate and clerk of Senator La Follette's committee testified today before Commissioner Hazleton that politics was not a paying proposition. The colonel said that he was "broke" after six years in the heart of the political game. He was up for examination in a suit brought by a carpenter contractor for payment for work in erecting a grand stand during the Grand Army reunion in 1888. Colonel Hannan and some friends thought they saw a little money in the business, but their scheme fell through and they were unable to meet the bills. The only asset he had outside of his exemptions, Colonel Hannan testified, were 2,000 shares of zinc stock, which he was induced to buy by Henry P. Cochems and which he would willingly turn over to the plaintiff if he would take it.

## Railroad Shop Strike.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Sixteen hundred machinists and blacksmiths of the Wabash railroad struck today because their demands for an advance was refused. Four hundred quit at Springfield and 150 at Fort Wayne, Ind.

## GOVERNOR NAMES WEST KENTUCKIANS

Will Go to St. Louis November 15 to Represent Kentucky in the Association.

BIG RESULTS ARE EXPECTED.

Frankfort, Sept. 15.—The governor appointed the following delegates from Kentucky to the Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterway association to be held in St. Louis November 15-16, 1906:

Paducah—W. L. Bower, S. A. Fowler, D. W. Coons. Smithland—C. H. Wilson, Capt. J. W. Bush, Charles H. Webb, Jr. Wickliffe—C. P. Howle, James A. Miller, George C. Boyd. Gilbertsville—R. F. Jenkins, B. C. Herndon, P. O. Felix. Hickman—R. T. Tyler, M. B. Shaw, L. E. Dodd. Columbus—Charles N. Walker, J. S. Davis. Milburn—W. E. Aton. Bayou—G. N. McGrow. Kuttawa—Capt. W. J. Stone.

The Business Men's league of St. Louis informs the governor that this convention hopes to accomplish great things for the Mississippi valley, and that the governors and other prominent officials of the states bordering on the Mississippi will be in attendance.

## FOLLOWED HUSBAND.

Wife Ends Life After He Commits Suicide.

Greenfield, O., Sept. 17.—Mrs. Wilbur Achor, whose husband shot and killed himself recently, killed herself last night by cutting her throat. She had been despondent since the death of her husband.

## Fatal Explosion.

Havana, Sept. 17.—A violent explosion occurred today, wrecking two brick buildings. Six persons were killed and many injured. The explosion is thought to have been the work of an incendiary.

## GOVERNOR BECKHAM SPEAKS IN PADUCAH ON OCTOBER THIRD.

Governor Beckham will be the first candidate before the state Democratic primary to speak in Paducah. A special from Frankfort announces that the governor will make an address in Paducah, October 3, at 8 o'clock at night. This is the night before the immigration convention, which the governor probably will attend, and during the horse show. Governor Beckham speaks at Mayfield tonight.